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The Florida Bar v. Steven Edward Cohen

MARS HAL: PLEASE RISE. PLEASE BE SEATED .

CHIEF JUSTICE: THE NEXT CASE ON THIS MORNING'S DOCKET IS FLORIDA BAR VERSUS STEVEN EDWARD COHEN. PARTIES READY? YOU MAY PROCEED.

MAY IT PLEASE THE COURT . HAL ANDERSON FOR RESPONDENT STEVEN COHEN, WHO IS BEFORE YOU TODAY TO RECEIVE APPROPRIATE DISCIPLINE, AFTER HAVING PLEADING TO A FEDERAL CHARGE OF CONSPIRACY, TO STRUCTURE CASH TRANSACTION INSUCHAWAY AS TO AVOID FEDERAL TRANSACTIONS, IN SUCH A WAY AS TO AVOID FEDERAL REPORTING AT VARIOUS BANKS .

YOUR REFERENCE TO MATTERS OUTSIDE OF CONVICTION AND THE FLORIDA BAR ONLY SOUGHT DISBARMENT, BASED ON THE CONVICTION ITSELF AND NO OTHER FACTS . HOWEVER, ISN'T THE APPROPRIATE DISCIPLINE , UNDER OUR LAW , FOR SIMPLY A FEDERAL FELONY OFFENSE , WHICH THE CONSPIRACY WAS , ISN'T THE PENALTY FOR THAT DISBARMENT IN THE USUAL CASE ?

YOUR HONOR, IT IS ENTIRELY CORRECT THAT SECTION FIVE OF THE STANDARD FOR IMPOSING DISCIPLINE , DOES STATE THAT A FELONY CONVICTION IS APPROPRIATE DISCIPLINE. HOWEVER , THIS COURT'S JAHN CASE, ALSO MAKES EQUALLY CLEAR THAT THERE IS NOTHING AUTOMATIC ABOUT IT, AND THAT THERE IS FURTHER CONSIDERATION, AND IN FACT , IT IS A REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION, AND THERE IS NO GREATER TEST HERE THAT, IN FACT, THE REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION WAS OVERCOME , THAN THE WORDS OF THE REFEREE , HIMSELF , WHO STARTED THIS CASE SAYING, AT PAGE 44 OF THE TRANSCRIPT , I AM CERTAINLY FINDING THAT WHAT HE PLED TO ALONE, IS SUFFICIENT FOR I AM NOT CERTAINLY FINDING THAT WHAT HE PLED TO ALONE IS SUFFICIENT FOR DISBARMENT. IT ISN'T . SO NOW WE HAVE THIS PUZZLE .

WE GET INTO THE LAW THERABOUT WHAT WE HAVE CONSIDERED SUFFICIENT. WE DON'T NEED TO DEFER TO THAT STATEMENT, AS MUCH AS WE HAVE TO REFER TO FACTUAL FINDINGS. ISN'T HE SIMPLY WRONG ON THE LAW ON THAT?

NO , IS HE NOT SIMPLY WRONG ON THE LAW ON THAT, YOUR HONOR, AND WE HAVE SEVERAL CASES AVAILABLE TO , WHERE , FOR EXAMPLE IN THE ARNOLD CASE , AFTER A SERIES OF SUSPENSIONS , THIS COURT , WHEN CONFRONTED WITH A FEDERAL VIOLATION OF A VERY SIMILAR CRIME , KNOWINGLY ENGAGES OR ATTEMPTION TO ENGAGE IN A MONETARY TRANSACTION IN CRIMINALLY DERIVED PROPERTY THAT IS A VALUE GREATER THAN \$10,000. THIS PARTICULAR CASE, THE ATTORNEY MADE THREE \$,000 CASH PAYMENTS, WITH MONEY THREE \$9 ,000 CASH PAYMENTS WITH MONEY THAT TURNED OUT TO BE FROM MARIJUANA SMUGGLING ACTIVITIES , MONEY OUR CASE ALLEGED TO BE MARIJUANA PROCEEDS AS WELL , AND IN THIS CASE THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT CHARGED THIS ATTORNEY WITH THE FELONY OF ACTUALLY KNOWINGLY BENEFITTING FROM THOSE PROCEEDS, AND USING THOSE PROCEEDS. FAR DIFFERENT FROM OUR CASE, WHERE IT WAS A CONSPIRACY AT SOME POINT IN THE FUTURE , MERELY TO AVOID REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR PROCEEDS WHOSE ORIGIN WAS NOT KNOWN. IN THAT CASE , THIS COURTCAME OUT WITH A 60 -DAY SUSPENSION, BALANCING THE FACTORS, AND I WOULD SUBMIT THAT THE ANSWER TO

HOW MUCH MONEY WAS INVOLVED IN THAT CASE? YOU SAID \$27,000. AND HERE IT WAS \$640,000.

CORRECT?

YES, IN DEED , THE DIFFERENCE, ALSO, BEING

TWENTY TY PES OR 30 TIMESTHE AMOUNT?

VERY TRUE , YOUR HONOR. I GUESS THE POINT AS W ELL , THOUGH, IS THAT HERE Y OUHAVE THE LAWYER ENG AGING IN AFFIRMATIVE ACTS OF SUBSTANTIVE OFFENSES , AND , YES , THE RE IS A SUBSTANTIALAMOUNT OF MONEY INVOLVED HERE, BUT IT DO ESN'T E VEN GET TO THE POINT OF KNOWINGTHAT THIS MONEY IS FROM AN ILLEGAL SOURCE, BECA USE THE FEDERAL SENTEN CING JUDGE SPECIFICALLY ADJUDICATEDTHAT THERE WAS NO KNOWLEDGE ON THE PART OF MR . COHEN , OF THE SOURCE OF THESE F U NDS .

CHIEF JUSTIC E: JUSTICE LEWIS.

WHAT WERE THE OTHERFACTORS.THAT IS THE DAVID AR NOLD CASE FROM SOUTH FLORIDA?

YES, INDEED.

WASN'T MR. ARNOLD ACTUALLY INCARCERATED IN A FEDERAL CUSTODY AND HE WAS, IT WAS NOT JUST A 60-DAY , AS I RECALL. I THOUGH T THAT WAS A SUSPENSION AND THEN OTHER THINGS OCCURRED AND THEN IT CAME BA CK TO US SE VERAL YEARS LATER, WASN'T IT?

YOUR HONOR IS EXA CTLYRIGHT.THERE WAS A PR IOR SUSPENSION BY THE COURT, AND THEN THIS ULTIMATE CASE CON CLUDING THAT ANOTHER 6 ON DAYS WAS SUFFICIENT IN THE WE IGHING

DON'T YOU THINK THAT WEFIRST MUST GO BACK TO HO W MR . ARNOLD WAS DEALT WITH INITIALLY , RATHER THAN HIS LATEST, BECAUSE AS I RECALL AND I AM JUST GO ING ON MEMORY NOW, BUT THERE SEEMED TO BE A FAR MORE SERIOUSRAMIFICATIONS TO MR . ARNOLD THAN JUST 60 DAY S AS I RECALL.

YOUR HONOR IS RIGHT BUT LET ME ADDRESS THAT, BECAUSE THE RAMIFICATIONS IN THE ARNOLD CASE , FOR EXA MPLE , OUTSIDE OF A SUSP ENSION, WERE IMPOSED AS A PART O F THE CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS A NDTHE CONSEQUENCES ATTENDANT TO IT. HE WENT TO J AIL, AS YOUR HONOR POINTS OUT. WELL, LET'S LO OK AT WHATHAPPENED TO MR . COHEN . WITH AN UNBLEMIS HED AND PROFESSIONAL RECORD , HE FOUND OU T, FOR HAVING JOINED INTO THIS CONSPI RACY THAT WAS NEVER CONSUM MATED , HE, WHILE BEING INVESTIGATED , ALMOST A YEAR BEF ORE ACTUALLY BEING CHARGED , HELD THE TELL S THE B A R, I AM BEING INVESTIGATED. I VOLUNTARILY SUSPEND MY LICENSE.HE IS ALREADY BEGINNING THE PROCESS TO COME FORWARD AND TO STEP UP FOR WHAT H ASHAPPENED TO HIM. WELL, EVEN BEFO RE THE BAR FILED HIS COMPLAINT, HE ENTERS A PLEA AGREEMENT FOR WHICH HE IS SUB JECT TO FOUR MONTHS IN FEDERAL PRISON AT EGLIN. HE, THEN, IS ON FOUR MONTHS OF HOME SUPERVISION , AND THEN HE I S SENTEN CED TO ADDITIONAL TWO YE ARS , WHIC H HE IS ST IL L UNDERGOING , OF SUPERVISED RELEASE, INCLUDING VISITS AT HIS OFFICE PLACE, RA NDOM D RUG TESTING, VI SITS AT HIS HOME , REQUESTS BEFORE HE CAN EVEN TRAVEL FOR BUSINESS , SO THERE ARE MANY RAM IFICATION THAT IS MR. COHEN HAS ENDURED HERE , AS WELL AS BEGINNING WITH THE MOST IMPORTANT THING , WHICH IS COMING FORWARD T O AL ERT THE BAR THAT SOMETHING WAS DONE WRONG AND A SUSPENSION

WHAT DO YOU CHALLENGE, I N TERMS OF THE REF EREE 'S FINDING AS TO AGGRAVATION , WHICH CERTAINLY SE TS OUT THAT A VERY , VERY SE RIOUS CASE AG AINST YOUR CLIENT , WITH REFE RENCE T O MONEY-LAUNDERING.

ABSOLUTE LY.

MORE THAN A HALF A MILLION DOLLARS , INVOLVED WITH A MAJOR DRUG RING , AND SO I THINK THE PUBLIC WOULD BE SHOCKED THAT SOMEBODY THAT DID THIS , WOULD BE ALLOWED TO CONTINUE TO PRACTICE LAW , IF THESE FINDINGS OF THE REFEREE ARE VALID. NOW , WHAT DO YOU CHALLENGE, IN TERMS OF THE FINDINGS OF THE REFEREE - - .

I WILL BE SPECIFIC

THAT WOULD INDICATE THAT WE SHOULD DO ANYTHING LESS THAN WHAT THE REFEREE HAS RECOMMENDED , IN VIEW OF THESE VERY, VERY SERIOUS AND SUBSTANTIAL FINDINGS. AS I SAY , MY , IN READING THOSE, I WOULD BELIEVE THAT THE PUBLIC WOULD BE SHOCKED THAT WE WOULD ALLOW SOMEBODY TO PRACTICE LAW AND TAKE RESPONSIBILITY FOR OTHER PEOPLE'S MONIES , GOODS , AND ISSUES , THAT WOULD HAVE BEEN GUILTY OF THIS CONDUCT , SO WHAT DO YOU CHALLENGE?

WELL , I THINK YOUR HONOR'S SUMMARY SHOWS TWO THINGS THAT IS COME THROUGH, RIGHT OFF THE BAT IN THE REPORT. FIRST OF ALL, THERE IS NO MONEY-LAUNDERING HERE. THIS IS A CONSPIRACY TO AVOID THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF THE I. R.S. FOR WHENEVER \$10,000 IS DEPOSITED INTO THE ACCOUNT.

ISN'T THAT WHAT MONEY LAUNDERING IS?

NO. I THINK IT IS PUTTING MONEY INTO THE ACCOUNT TO AVOID DISCLOSING TAXABLE INCOME.

AS OPPOSED TO JUST NOTKEEPING IT VISIBLE?

THAT IS TRUE , YES , YOUR HONOR, AND I THINK THE SECOND POINT OF THAT, AND I UNDERSTAND THAT THIS IS NOT A PRETTY PICTURE AND THAT THIS IS A SERIOUS MISJUDGMENT , AND ONE THAT MR . COHEN HAS PAID, FOR BUT THE SECOND POINT IS , THE FACT THAT THERE WAS A MARIJUANA SMUGGLING OPERATION IN THE BACKGROUND. MAY I ASK YOU REALLY TO

I AM ASKING YOU REALLY, TO DIRECTLY ADDRESS , BECAUSE AS I SAID BEFORE AND I THINK YOU WOULD AGREE, THAT IF WE ACCEPT THOSE FINDINGS BY THE REFEREE THAT , CLEARLY , DISBARMENT IS INDICATED IN THIS CASE, SO WHAT

ABSOLUTELY.

YOU HAVE THE BURDEN , REALLY, HERE OF DEMONSTRATING TO US THAT THE REFEREE HAS REALLY GONE OFF AND, IN LEFT FIELD , SO TELL ME HOW THE REFEREE WENT OUT IN LEFT FIELD.

SURE. ITEM NUMBER ONE OF THE FOUR ARE THAT HE WAS HOLDING FUNDS. THERE WAS NO CRIME FOR CONCEALMENT OR HOLDING OF FUND. IN FACT, NOTHING WAS DONE HERE IN THE SENSE THAT CONSPIRACY WAS PERSPECTIVE , SO THERE IS A SENSE THAT IS IDENTIFIED THAT IS ENTIRELY DIFFERENT FROM THE PLEA AGREEMENT THAT WAS A TRAVEL UNDER. SECOND OF ALL

ON THIS IT SAYS "KNEW HE WAS CONCEALING DRUG MONEY THAT CAME FROM A DRUG RING ." ARE YOU SAYING THAT THAT FINDING CANNOT BE MADE , BASED ON THE RECORD IN THIS CASE?

THAT'S RIGHT. SDWRUJ JU DGE MARA , THE SENTENCING JUDGE, SPECIFICALLY MADE THE FINDING THAT MR. COHEN DID NOT SPECIFICALLY KNOW THIS WAS DRUG MONEY.

HE HAD TO MAKE THAT FINDING BECAUSE OF THE PLEA AGREEMENT.

HE DID NOT HAVE TO MAKE THAT FINDING. THE PLEA DID NOT BIND HIM TO IT.

WAS THAT PART OF THE PLEA AGREEMENT?

YES, ABSOLUTELY, YOUR HONOR, AND IN FACT, THE PROFFER OF THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT'S ASSISTANT U.S. ATTORNEY, IS THAT HE HAD INTERVIEWED 60 WITNESSES IN THE FEDERAL CASE, NOT ONE OF WHOM COULD SAY THAT THEY HAD TOLD MR. COHEN WHERE THIS MONEY CAME FROM.

LET ME ASK YOU THIS, BECAUSE YOU ARGUE THAT THE JUDGE WENT BEHIND THE CONVICTION. IN FINDING WHETHER THERE IS A VIOLATION OF THE RULES, I AGREE THAT THE JUDGE CAN'T GO BEHIND THE CONVICTION AND FIND, LET'S SAY FOR EXAMPLE, HE CAN'T FIND THAT HE VIOLATED THE FLORIDA BAR RULES, BY LAUNDERING DRUG MONEY. HOWEVER, ONCE HE MAKES A FINDING, ON THE VIOLATION THAT HE COMMITTED A FELONY CONSPIRACY, IN DETERMINING AGGRAVATING AND MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES FOR PUNISHMENT PURPOSES FOR THE DISCIPLINE, CAN HE AT THAT POINT, GO BEHIND THE CONVICTION, TO THE CONSEQUENCES, TO THE SURROUNDING CIRCUMSTANCES, OF THE CONVICTION?

NO, YOUR HONOR, NOT WHEN IT DIRECTLY IMPEACHES FINDINGS IT DIRECTLY IMPEACHES THE FINDINGS OF THE SENTENCING COURT.

HOW ABOUT THIS ONE, THAT WHAT HAPPENED WAS HE WAS DELIVERED A \$10,000 PACKET, WRAPPED IN CLEAR PLASTIC, WHICH WAS TRANSFERRED TO A SAFEDEPPOSIT BOX IN A BANK IN THIS BUILDING AND THEN TO A FLOOR SAFE BUILT FOR THAT PURPOSE IN HIS PARTNER'S HOME. IS THAT AT ODDS WITH JUDGE MARA'S FIND SOMETHING.

NO, YOUR HONOR, AND MR. COHEN ADMITS THAT HE WAS ACCEPTING CASH AND WITHDREW IT.

TRANSFERRED \$640,000 IN CASH INTO HIS PARTNER'S FLOOR SAFE.

YES, IN DEED, AND IN FACT THAT IS THE OVERT ACT OF CONSPIRACY.

WHAT EXPLANATION COULD THERE BE FOR SOMETHING LIKE THAT?

WELL, I THINK WHAT HAS TO BE PUT INTO CONTEXT HERE IS YOU WOULD WANT SOMEONE TO ASK MORE QUESTIONS, PERHAPS, AS TO WHERE THIS MONEY IS COMING FROM, BUT THIS GENTLEMAN WHO IS THE DRUG DEALER, HAD FIREWORKS BUSINESSES, ATM PIECES. THE RECORD IN THIS CASE SAYS THAT ATM BUSINESSES. THE RECORD IN THIS CASE SAYS THAT HE TOOK \$18,000 A WEEK ALONE OUT OF HIS ACCOUNT TO STOCK THE ATM MACHINES.

HE IS A LAWYER.

YES.

I THINK I CAN UNDERSTAND THE TRIAL JUDGE REFEREE'S FRUSTRATION, BECAUSE WHETHER IT WAS USED TO CONCEAL DRUG MONEY IS JUST TO SAY IT IS, DEFIES CREDULITY TO SAY THAT SOMEBODY WHO IS A LAWYER WOULD ACCEPT \$640,000 IN \$10,000 PACKETS, TO, AND ASSUME THAT WAS FROM A LEGITIMATE BUSINESS, IS YOU KNOW, YOU ARE ASKING US TO ACCEPT SOMETHING THAT JUST IS IMPOSSIBLE TO BELIEVE!

YOUR HONOR, TO ADDRESS THAT POINTEDLY, THIS WAS A DRUG DEALER WHO MANAGED TO EVADE THE AUTHORITIES WHO LOOKED FOR THESE PEOPLE WHO, BETTER THAN TEN YEARS. IT IS NOT BEYOND A STRETCH THAT SOMEONE ELSE WHO IS NOT IN LAW ENFORCEMENT, COULD MISS THAT.

MAYBE IF HE WAS, A NEW YOUNG LAWYER THIS IS A 20-YEAR LAWYER IN A SOPHISTICATED REAL ESTATE INVESTOR.

SOPHISTICATED ENOUGH TO KNOW THAT THERE ARE ATM BUSINESSES, FIREWORKS BUSINESSES, FLORAL SHOP BUSINESSES, ALL THE VERY CASH INTENSIVE, AND IN FACT, THAT THE REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS, THERE ARE BANKS

WHAT REASON, THOUGH, I AM STILL TRYING TO UNDERSTAND, WHAT REASON DID HE GIVE FOR WHY HE WAS HOLDING THIS MONEY?

ORIGINALLY, IT WAS BECAUSE THIS GENTLE MAN DID NOT WANT TO HAVE IT AVAILABLE TO HIS GIRLFRIEND. THAT IS THE STORY ON HOW IT ALL STARTED. AND I THINK, AS FRIENDS OF MORE THAN TEN YEARS AT THAT POINT, THIS BECAME ONE OF THOSE SITUATIONS, WHERE A FIRST MISJUDGMENT ALMOST BECAME ONE OF THOSE THINGS THAT DIDN'T BEAR FURTHER EXAMINATION. THERE WAS AN EXPLANATION. BANKS QUALIFIED THIS DRUG DEALER FOR LET MATT INCOME, TO MAKE THESE - - LEGITIMATE INCOME TO MAKE THESE OTHER INVESTMENTS THAT YOUR HONOR MENTIONED. THERE IS NOTHING COMING BACK TO RAISE A RED FLAG, AND IN FACT THE AUTHORITIES DON'T EVEN FIND THIS DRUG DEALER FOR OVER TEN YEARS OF OPERATION. HE IS THAT CALGARY AND THAT LOW PROFILE, AND MY CLIENT'S ERROR IN THIS CASE, WAS

IT WOULD HAVE BEEN A LOT EASIER FOR THEM TO FIND THE DRUG DEALERS, IF THE DRUG DEALERS HAD BEEN GIVING THE AGENTS \$10,000 BUNDLES OF CASH, RIGHT? THAT WOULD HAVE RAISED THE FLAG TO THEM.

THAT CERTAINLY MAY HAVE TRIGGERED SOME RESPONSE TO REPORTING. ON THE OTHER HAND, YOUR HONOR, WITH CARBON INTENSIVE BUSINESSES WITH CASH INTENSIVE BUSINESSES PULLING \$80,000 OUT OF A BANK A WEEK ALONE, IS NOT THAT UNUSUAL FOR THIS KIND OF CASH FLOW.

LET ME GET BACK TO YOUR REBUTTAL REBUTTABLE CONVICTION, WHAT WOULD GIVE HIM THE CIRCUMSTANCES TO GO AROUND STANDARD SENTENCING FOR DISCIPLINE?

THERE ARE THREE CASES THAT WE CITED THAT THE REFEREE IS NOT PERMITTED TO GO BEHIND THE ADJUDICATED FACTS OF THE CONVICTION.

IS THAT IN ORDER TO FIND A VIOLATION OR IN ORDER TO DETERMINE THE DISCIPLINE?

BOTH, YOUR HONOR, BECAUSE IT CAME OUT IN THE CONTEXT OF LAWYERS TRYING TO COME IN AND BACK OFF THEIR PLEA AGREEMENTS, IN ORDER TO MITIGATE. AND SO THIS COURT HAS THREE TIMES ADHERED TO THAT PRINCIPLE, AND THE CONSEQUENCE OF DEVIATING FROM IT, IS TO DIMINISH WHAT GOES ON IN THE SENTENCING PROCESS, DIMINISH THE COMITY OF THE FEDERAL COURTS, DIMINISH THE ROLE OF COUNSEL WHO NEGOTIATE PLEAS.

ROLE IN THE FEDERAL PROCEEDING, IN FACT THE CRIMINAL CASE, IS TO PROTECT, THE STATE BEARS THE BURDEN OF PROVING, AND THERE ARE FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS THAT HAVE TO BE PROTECTED FOR A DEFENDANT, SO THE GOAL IS TO MAKE SURE THAT PEOPLE ARE NOT UNJUSTLY CONVICTED OF CRIMES. THE GOAL IN OUR RULES IS TO MAKE SURE THAT THE PUBLIC IS PROTECTED. AREN'T THEY DIFFERENT FUNDAMENTALLY?

I SEE I HAVE OUT OF TIME. MAY I HAVE LEAVE TO ANSWER? CHIEF CHIEF GO AHEAD. YOU MAY ANSWER.

THOSE GOALS AS STATED ARE DIFFERENT, YOUR HONOR, BUT I THINK THE RELEVANT POINT IS THAT, EVEN AT A SENTENCING HEARING, WHERE A FEDERAL JUDGE HAS A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE STANDARD, HE IS UNABLE TO FIND THE VERY FACTORS AND IN FACT ADJUDICATE AGAINST KNOWLEDGE, AGAINST DRUG USE, AND YET SOMEHOW IN A CLEAR AND

CONVINCING STANDARD, EVEN THOUGH THE BAR IS RELYING ON THAT EXACT SAME SENTENCING CONVICTION, NOW THE REFEREE COMES BACK AND IMPEACHES ALL OF THAT OR CONTRADICTS A LLOF THAT, AND THAT IS THE INCONGRUITY THAT IS SET UP , BY WHAT HAPPENED BELOW.

CHIEF JUSTICE: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. MS. CO QUINTELA.

YES . MAY IT PLEASE THE COURT . ADRIA QUIN TELA ON BEHALF THE FLORIDA BAR. WE ASKED THE COURT TO UPHO LD THE RECOMMEN DATION OF THE FLORIDA BAR FOR DISBARMENT AND A FTER REVI EW OF THE RECORD REVEAL THAT IT IS CLEAR FOR THE FOLL OWING REASONS. AS JUSTICE CAN TERO POINTED OUT, WE BE GAN AN ANALO GY OF CASES SUCH AS THIS ONE , WHERE AN ATTORNEY HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF A FELO NY , W ITH THE PRESUMPTION THAT DISBARMENT IS THE APPROPRIATE SANCTION. IT IS THE SANCTION THAT WE WANT TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC . IN THIS CASE , WE BEGAN WITH THAT PRESUM PTION. WHILE AS COUN SEL STATE S THAT , PRESUMPTION CANNOT , IN EVERY INSTANCE, NOT BE OVER COME, IN THIS IN STANCE , IT WASN'T OVERCOME BY THE RESPO NDENT . AND THE WAY IT CAN B E OVERCOME AND IN THE CASES CITED BY RESP ONDENT'S COUNSEL IN THE BRI EF, SUCH AS THE ARNO LD CASE , THERE ARE CASES WHERE THERE IS EXTREME MI TIGATION SHOWN BY THE RESPONDENT , AND THE COURT HAS CONSID ERED THAT MITIGATION AND R ULED THAT, EVEN THOUGH WE HAVE T HAT PRESUMPTION OF DISB ARMENT , THE MITIGATION IS SOME WHAT HEAVIER, AND THE BUR DEN HAS NOW BEEN OVERCOME. WE DON'T HAVE THAT.

WOULD YOU AD DRESS HIS UNDERLYING PRINCI PLE, I THINK, IS HOW I WOULD PHRASE IT, THAT HE IS PRESENT ING TO THE COURT TODAY, AND THAT IS WE HAVE AN INDIVIDUAL THAT HAS GONE THROUGH THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM , AND CERTAIN , HE IS SUGGE STING THAT CE RTAIN FINDINGS HAVE BEEN MADE IN THAT PRO CESS. AND THAT , IN A S EPARATE PROCEEDING, THAT THE FLORIDA BAR, HAVING EVEN A HIGHER STANDARD, HAS NO W, REFEREE HAS GONE IN AND MADE FINDINGS CONTRARY TO THOSE FINDINGS, AND HE SAYS THAT THERE HIS CASE LAW THAT SAYS THAT THE BAR AND THIS COURT, CANNOT DO THAT. WOULD YOU ADD RESS THAT. AS I UNDERSTAND, THAT IS LIKE A FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLE.

YES, JUS TICE LE WIS . THE IS SUE ON APPE AL IS THAT THEY ARE ARGUING THAT THE REFEREE HAS GONE BEHIND THE CONVICTION. IF YOU EXAMINE THE CASES WHERE THE COURT HAS HELD THAT THE REFEREE CANNOT GO BEHIND THE CONVICTION , THOSE ARE ALL CASES WHERE THE RESPONDENT HAS PLED GUILTY OR HAS BEEN FOUND GUIL TY TO A CRIME. THE BAR SEEKS SUBSEQUENT DISCIPLINE, AND THE RESPONDENT WANTS A TRI A L DE NOVO. IN ES SENCE THE RESPONDENT NOW SAYS TO THE REFEREE, EVEN THOUGH I PLED , EVEN THOUGH I WASN'T CONVICTED, I WAS NOT GUILTY. THIS COURT HAS HELD THAT THE REFEREE CAN GIVE THAT RESPONDENT A TRI AL DE NOVO AND RE TRY THE CASE. THAT IS VERY DIF FERENT FROM OUR CASE , AND A NUMBER OF CASES , WE HAVE THE DIAMONDS CASE, WHERE THE COURT RULED THAT THE REFEREE WAS ENTITLED TO CONSIDER THE TESTIMONY OF THE FEDERAL JUDGE INVOLVED IN THE LINEDING CRIMINAL CASE. IN THE J A HN CASE, THE CO URT CONSIDERED THE TESTIMONY OF WIT NESSES INVOLVED IN THE UNDERLYING CRIMINAL CASE. IN ALL OF THOSE CASES , THISCOURT HAS HELD THAT DOES NOT EQUATE TO GOING BEHIND A CONVICTION! BECAUSE ULTIMATE LY, IT IS THE REFEREE WHO MUS T DETERMINE WHAT THE FACT S ARE , WHAT THE CREDIBILITY OF THE WITNESSES ARE.

CERTAINLY WHAT YOU HAVE PRESENTED IS FAR DIFF ERENT CIRCUMSTANCE THAN WE ARE TALKING ABOUT TODAY. DO YOU FIND ANY CASES AT ALL , THAT ARE DIRE CTED TO THE PRINCIPLE THAT HE IS ASSERTING TO US, THAT WOULD SUPPORT THAT PROPOSITION?

THE PROPOSITION THAT THE REFEREE WENT BEHIND THE CONVICTION IN THIS CASE?

RIGHT. IN A SITUATION SO THAT YOU ARE ENHA NCING , R A THER THAN PERMITTING A LAWYER

TO CONAN IT MAKES SENSE. YOU CAN'T COME IN AND DENY THE FELONY CONVICTION AND WHAT HAPPENED IN YOUR PLEA. THAT MAKES A LOT OF SENSE. HE IS SUGGESTING, THOUGH, THE OPPOSITE, AND THAT IS WHY I AM ASKING, IS DO YOU FIND ANY CASE THAT ADDRESSES THE PRINCIPLE THAT HE IS ASSERTING, THAT THE BAR CANNOT ENHANCE OR GO BEHIND IT TO ENHANCE WHAT, WHICH IS CONTRARY TO WHAT A FEDERAL JUDGE HAS FOUND.

LET ME CLARIFY SOMETHING. THE REFEREE IN THIS CASE DID NOT ENHANCE WHAT HAPPENED IN THE CRIMINAL CASE. THE REFEREE READ THE TRANSCRIPTS, THEN IN FACT WERE PRESENTED THAT, IN FACT, WERE PRESENTED BY RESPONDENT'S COUNSEL. THE INTERESTING THING ABOUT THIS CASE IS RESPONDENT'S COUNSEL DURING THE PROCESS CHOSE TO BRING IN A CRIMINAL COUNSEL, NOT ONLY THE COUNSELOR WHO EVOLVED HIM IN THE CASE BUT ACTUALLY A CO-COUNSEL IN THE CASE AND DURING OPENING STATEMENT, BROUGHT OUT THE ISSUE OF THE LACK OF KNOWLEDGE. THE BAR WANTED THE REFEREE TO MERELY ACCEPT THE PLEA AND THAT WAS SUFFICIENT TO GET A RESPONDENT. WE FOUND DURING OPENING, EVEN GOING BACK TO THE MEMORANDUM, ALL PART OF THE RECORD, PRESENTED TO THE COURT, BROUGHT OUT A DISTINCTION BETWEEN WHAT THEY OUTLINED AS SERIOUS FELONIES VERSUS MINOR FELONIES, AND THEIR OPENING AND THEIR ENTIRE THRUST OF THE CASE WAS BASED ON THE FACT THAT, WHILE THIS WAS A FEDERAL FELONY, WHICH WE WOULD ALL SAY A RATHER SERIOUS FELONY, THIS RESPONDENT SHOULD NOT BE DISBARRED BECAUSE HE HAD NO KNOWLEDGE THAT ALL OF THIS MONEY HE WAS HIDING FOR OVER TEN YEARS AND ACCEPTING IN PACKETS WRAPPED IN RUBBERBANDS, WRAPPED IN CLEAR PLASTIC, HAD NO KNOWLEDGE THAT THIS WAS DRUG MONEY.

DIDN'T THE FEDERAL JUDGE MAKE THAT FINDING?

THE FEDERAL JUDGE MADE THE FINDING, AND WHEN YOU READ THE TRANSCRIPT, AND THIS IS ALL PART OF THE REFEREE'S REPORT OF REFEREE, THE FINDING THAT WAS MADE BY THE JUDGE WAS THAT, YES, HE WAS PUTTING ON THE ACTUAL PLEA THAT THE RESPONDENT HAD NO KNOWLEDGE, THAT THE MONEY WAS DRUG PROCEEDS, BUT THAT THAT WAS CONTRARY TO WHAT WAS INDICATED IN THE PRESENTENCING INVESTIGATION REPORT.

OKAY. SO YOU ARE REALLY SAYING THAT THE BAR, BECAUSE YOU ARE REPRESENTING THE PUBLIC, THE INTEREST OF THE PUBLIC, SHOULD NOT BE COLLATERALLY ESTOPPED IN THIS SITUATION, ESPECIALLY BECAUSE IT BECAME AN ISSUE, FROM SHOWING THE CIRCUMSTANCES THAT WOULD ESTABLISH FAR MORE CULPABILITY THAN THE ACTUAL VERY, VERY LENIENT SENTENCE THAT THIS DEFENDANT IN THE CRIMINAL CASE RECEIVED.

YES, JUSTICE PARIENTE, AND WHAT WE ARE SAYING IS THAT, IF THE REPORTER REFEREE, WHICH IS A REPORT OF REFEREE, WHICH IS A VERY DETAILED 20-PAGE REPORT OF REFEREE, DRAFTED BY THE REFEREE, HIMSELF, DETAILED AND POINTED OUT TO SEVERAL OF YOU THAT IT WOULD INSULT YOUR CREDIBILITY TO THINK THAT A REAL ESTATE LAWYER, A LAWYER WHO WAS A SOPHISTICATED INDIVIDUAL FOR 20 YEARS, HAD NO KNOWLEDGE THAT THIS WAS DRUG MONEY THAT HE WAS CONCEALING.

WHAT ABOUT THE ISSUE OF THE DEFENDANT'S OR THE RESPONDENT'S OWN DRUG USE? WHAT IS YOUR POSITION AS TO WHETHER THAT IS SOMETHING TO CONSIDER OR NOT?

THE REFEREE DID PUT THAT IN HIS REPORT OF REFEREE, AGAIN, BASED ON WHAT JUDGE MARCHA STATED IN THE JUDGE MARCHA STATED IN THE TRANSCRIPTS THAT BECAME A PART OF THIS CASE AND THE CRIMINAL CASE, AND THOSE TRANSCRIPTS REVEALED THAT, ACCORDING TO SEVERAL INDIVIDUALS, THE RESPONDENT WAS IN FACT A DRUG USER AND USED COCAINE.

SO THAT COULD BE A CIRCUMSTANCE, SHOULDN'T THAT HAVE BEEN CHARGED SEPARATELY, THAT HE WAS INVOLVED IN ILLEGAL DRUG USE?

ILLEGAL DRUG USE? I CAN UNDERSTAND GOING BEHIND THE CONVICTION WHERE THERE IS, UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES, THAT YOU ARE SPEAKING UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES THAT YOU ARE SPEAKING ABOUT, TO GO TO THIS WAS REALLY HIS INVOLVEMENT IN AN ILLEGAL SCHEME TO HIDE MONEY, BUT I AM CONCERNED ABOUT THE QUESTION ABOUT THE DRUG USE. WHERE WOULD THAT BE APPROPRIATE TO THERE, AND ALSO THE RESPONDENT'S INDIFFERENCE TO MAKING RESTITUTION. THAT SEEMS TO ALSO BE SOMEWHAT OF AN UNFAIR THING TO CONSIDER AN AGGRAVATION, BECAUSE YOU HAVE GOT A DEFENDANT WHO IS BEING REPRESENTED BY HIS OWN LAWYER, WHO SAYS THIS IS HOW THIS DEAL IS GOING TO BE MADE. YOU ARE GOING TO, AFTER THE PLEA IS SENT, YOU WILL, THEN, GIVE THEM A \$640,000, SO HOW IS THAT, TWO THINGS, DRUGS, SHOULD HAVE BEEN CHARACTERIZED, AND, SECOND, INDIFFERENCE TO MAKING RESTITUTION.

LET ME ADDRESS THE FIRST ONE FIRST, IF I MAY. THE INDIFFERENCE TO MAKING RESTITUTION WAS FOUND BY THE REFEREE, BECAUSE THE RESPONDENT HAD PLACED AN ISSUE AS A MITIGATING FACTOR, THE FACT THAT WE DID A GOOD THING. WE RETURNED ALL OF THIS OVER \$640,000 WORTH OF MONEY. THE REFEREE FOUND THAT IT REALLY ISN'T RESTITUTION AND YOU ARE NOT REALLY DOING A GOOD THING, WHEN YOU ARE REALLY DOING IT TO BENEFIT YOURSELF, AND IN THIS CASE, THROUGH SOME VERY CAREFUL LAWYERING, THE REFEREE FOUND THAT OUR RESPONDENT HELD ON TO THOSE PROCEEDS THAT THE GOVERNMENT DESPERATELY WANTED BACK, AND USED IT UP UNTIL THE VERY LAST MOMENT, WHEN IT WAS BENEFICIAL FOR HIM TO GET A GOOD PLEA, AND THEN AT THAT POINT SAY I HAVE ALL THIS MONEY. IF YOU WANT IT, HERE IS WHAT I WANT IN RETURN. SO THE REFEREE FOUND THAT THAT REALLY WASN'T RESTITUTION, BECAUSE HE WASN'T DOING IT OUT OF THE GOODNESS OF HIS HEART BUT, REALLY, BECAUSE HE WAS USING IT AS A BARGAINING CHIP.

SO RATHER, SO WHAT YOU ARE SAYING IS THAT, RATHER THAN LOOKING AT RESTITUTION IN THIS CASE AS MITIGATING FACTOR, WE SHOULD JUST NOT CONSIDER IT AT ALL.

THAT IS EXACTLY WHAT HE FOUND. THAT IT REALLY WASN'T RESTITUTION.

ACTUALLY HE FOUND IT AS AN AGGRAVATOR.

HE FOUND IT AS AN AGGRAVATOR, BECAUSE HE USED IT AS HIS ADVANTAGE, AND HE FOUND IT AS ONE OF SEVERAL AGGRAVATORS IN THIS CASE. BUT IT WAS ARGUED BY RESPONDENT'S COUNSEL THAT, IN FACT, THAT THEY WANTED IT AS A MITIGATOR, AND THE REFEREE FOUND NOT ONLY AM I NOT GOING TO FIND IT AS A NOT A MITIGATOR, BUT IN FACT IT IS AN AGGRAVATOR, BECAUSE HERE IS WHY I CONCLUDE YOU DID THAT, TO HIS BENEFIT.

THAT IS WHY I AM ASKING. I DON'T SEE HOW IT IS AN APPROPRIATE AGGRAVATOR. I CAN UNDERSTAND IT NOT BEING A MITIGATOR, BUT IT DOESN'T SEEM THAT IT IS APPROPRIATE, IF THIS WAS ALL DONE AS PART OF A PLEA, TO CONSIDER IT AN AGGRAVATION OF THE FELONY.

THERE ARE SEVERAL OTHER AGGRAVATORS, YOUR HONOR, THAT THE REFEREE FOUND IN ADDITION TO THAT ONE, AND IN THAT ONE, IT WAS BASED AS I SAID, ONLY BECAUSE OF THE ISSUE THAT WAS PLACED BY THE RESPONDENT ON THE RECORD.

BUT YOU WOULD SAY THAT, EVEN IF WE DISCOUNT THE AGGRAVATION, THAT BECAUSE OF REALLY INSIGNIFICANT MITIGATION, THAT HE HAS NOT OVERCOME THE PRESUMPTION OF DISBARMENT.

CORRECT, YOUR HONOR. THE ONLY MITIGATION PRESENTED IN THE CASE, WAS THE ISSUE, NUMBER ONE AS I SAID, THEY TRIED TO MITIGATE IT BY SAYING HE DIDN'T KNOW IT WAS DRUG PROCEEDS, SO THEY PLACED THAT IN ISSUE, AND THE ONLY TESTIMONY PRESENTED ON BEHALF THE RESPONDENT WAS THAT OF TWO WITNESSES, BOTH LAWYERS, ONE OF THEM A BROTHER-IN-

LAW , AND THEY, BOTH , SA ID THAT THIS GUY IS A GOOD GUY. HE COAC HES LITTLE LEAGUE. HE DOES A LOT OF PRO BONO , AND THAT WAS IT , AND THE REFEREE FOUND THAT THOSE TWO MITIGATORS WERE CERTAINLY NOT SUFFICIENT TO OVERCOME THE NUMBER OF AGGRAV ATORS THAT WERE PRESENT. THE REFEREE , ALSO

LET ME A SK YOU ABOUT ANOTHER FINDI NG. THE JUDGE FOUND , NOT ONLY AS AN AGGRAVATOR BUT , A LSO , AS A SEPARATE VIOLATION , T HEFACT THAT THE RESPONDENT MADE A FALSE STATEMENT IN THE DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.SO THIS WAS , BOT H, AN INDEPENDENT VIOLATION AND AN AGGRAVATOR. WHAT EVIDENCE WAS THERE THAT HE MADE FALSE STATEMENTS DURING THE PROCEEDING?

THE REFEREE BASED THAT , YOUR HONOR, ON THE FACT THAT THE RESPONDENT TEST IFIED THAT AT NO TIM E DID HE EVER KNOW THAT THE PROCEEDS IN QUESTION WERE DRUG MONEY. THE REFEREE WEIGHED THAT WITH THE TESTIMONY OF THE DRUG ENFORCEMENT AG ENT, WHO TESTIFIED IN THE CASE.

WELL , DID THE BAR ALLEG E , IN ITS COMPLAINT, THAT THAT WAS A VIOLATION?

IT DID NOT, YOUR HON OR, NO.

HOW COULD THE REFEREE, THEN, FIND , AS INDEPENDENT VIOLATION, SOMETHING THAT THE BAR HAD NOT ALLE GED?

BECAUSE WE SUBMIT TO THE COURT, YOUR HONOR, THAT THE REFEREE IS ALWA YS EN TITLED TO CONSIDER THE CREDIBILITYOF ANY WIT NESSES , INC LUDING RESPONDENT , AND CAN , INDEPENDENTLY, MAKE A FINDING THAT A WI TNESS IS NOT BEING CREDIBLE , A NDCONSIDER THAT AS AN AGGRAVATING FACTOR .

I UNDERSTAND AS AN AGGRAVATING FACTOR , AND I UNDERSTAND HE CAN CONSIDER THE RESPONDENT NOT CREDIBLE, BUT CAN HE ACTUALLY FIND A VIOLATION OF THE R ULES, WITHOUT ANY ALLEGATION O F THE BAR THAT H E VIOLATED THAT RULE?

IT IS OUR PO SITION T HAT HE CAN, B ASED ON THE TESTIMONY THAT WAS CONSIDERED AND BASED ON WHAT HE HEARD, NOT ONLY FRO M THE RESPONDENT BUT FROM THE OTHER WITNESSES WHO TESTIFIED IN ADD ITION TO USING HIS COMMON SENSE AS CHIEF JUSTICE PARIENTE SAID. IT INSULTS CREDIBILITY, TO THINK THAT THIS RESPONDENT 'S STORY WAS CREDI BLE .

AND THE RESPONDENT HIMSELF , TESTIFIED AT T HEHEARING THAT HE DID NOT KNOW THAT THIS WAS PROCEEDS O F DRUG TRANSACTIONS?

SEVERAL, SEVE RAL TIMESTHROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE REC ORD, AND IT WAS BROUGHT UP BY COUNSEL IN OPE NING STATEMENT AND IN A MEMORA NDUM OF LAW SUBMITTED TO THE COURT PRETRIAL. THE ISSUE WAS PLACED ON THE RECORD BY THE RESPONDENT. AND NOW THAT SAME ISSUE

BUT HE TESTIFIED UNDER OATH AT THE PROCEEDING T O THAT EFFECT?

YES, HE DID, YOUR HONOR , SEVERAL TIMES ON THE RECO RD, AND THAT SAME BENEFIT THEY WANTED TO GAIN BY THAT LACK OF KNOWLEDGE, IS WHAT IS NO W IN FRONT OF THIS COURT T HAT THEY ARE APPEALING AND SAYING THAT IT WAS IMPROPER , AND YOU CAN'T HAVE IT BOTH WAYS.

YOU DID NOT RESPOND TO THE QUESTION ABOUT THE U SEOF THE DRUG ISSUE .

YES, IF I MAY , YOUR HONOR. THE USEFUL THE DRUG ISSUE , WAS, AGAIN, DERIVED BY THE REFEREE, FROM READING THE UNDERLYING RECORD FROM JUDGE MARRA. AND JUDGE MARA , AND, NO , THE RESPONDENT'S ANSWER TO THE QUESTION WAS NOT CHARGED BY THE BAR WITH ANY DRUG USE. THAT CAME OUT THROUGH THE TESTIMONY THAT WAS PRESENTED FROM THE DRUG ENFORCEMENT AGENT, AND THE REASON THAT CAME OUT, IS BECAUSE IT TIED IN WITH HE HAD KNOWLEDGE , AND HERE IS HOW WE KNOW HE HAD KNOWLEDGE. HE DIDN'T FAIL TO KNOW THAT A LONG TIME FRIEND OF HIS FOR TEN YEARS , WAS, WHICH IS WHAT WAS ALLEGED. HE DIDN'T KNOW THIS GENTLEMAN WAS A DRUG DEALER, AND IT WAS BROUGHT OUT BY THE DEA AGENT WHO TESTIFIED, WHO SAID HE KNEW , AND HERE IS HOW I KNOW HE KNEW , BECAUSE HE, TOO , USED DRUGS. THE BAR DID NOT CHARGE HIM WITH THAT.

I DON'T FIND THAT, THE REFEREE FOUND THAT AS AN AGGRAVATOR OR AS AN INDEPENDENT VIOLATION.

NO. HE MENTIONS IT IN HIS REPORT , BUT IT IS NOT, I DON'T BELIEVE IT IS MENTIONED AS AN AGGRAVATING FACTOR OR THAT HE FOUND HIM GUILTY AFTER INDEPENDENT RULE , BASED ON THAT.

BUT HE DID, HE CONSIDERED HIS DRUG USE, IN TERMS OF LENDING SUPPORT TO THE CONCLUSION THAT HE HAD TO KNOW ABOUT WHAT THIS MONEY WAS BEING, WHAT THIS MONEY WAS PART OF , THAT IT WAS PART OF DRUG MONEY.

YES, JUSTICE PARIENTE. I WOULD SUBMIT TO THE COURT THAT THE REFEREE'S FINDINGS ARE APPROPRIATE. THEY ARE PRO PER . THERE IS NOTHING THAT OVERCAME THE PRESUMPTION OF DISBARMENT. THE REFEREE MERELY CONSIDERED, AS HE IS ENTITLED TO DO, ALL OF THE EVIDENCE IN FRONT OF HIM , AND AS JUSTICE ANSTEAD POINTED OUT , THE PUBLIC WOULD BE SHOCKED , IF THIS IS A CASE WHERE WE HAVE THE FACTS THAT ARE ON THIS RECORD, WITH A 20-PAGE DETAILED REPORT OF REFEREE AND ALL OF THE INFORMATION THAT WAS PRESENTED TO THE COURT, AND WE ALLOW THIS LAWYER TO EVENTUALLY RESUME THE PRACTICE OF LAW AGAIN. DISBARMENT IS THE ONLY APPROPRIATE ALLOUVE.

THANK YOU VERY MUCH. REBUTTAL?

I RAN THROUGH REBUTTAL. CHIEF CHIEF YOU ARE OUT , YOU SAID ONE QUOTE. ONE QUOTE.

YOU YES. I APPRECIATE IT. THIS IS THE EVIDENCE BEFORE THE FEDERAL JUDGE, ASSISTANT ATTORNEY POWELL STATING IT WAS OVER A YEAR AND-A-HALF INVESTIGATION, AND PERSONALLY I SPOKE TO EVERY WITNESS IN THIS CASE , AND I CAN ASSURE THE COURT THAT THERE WAS NO WITNESS AMONG OVER 60, IN WHICH THEY REPORTED TO ME THAT THEY HAD A CONVERSATION WITH MR . COHEN THAT THE MONIES INVOLVED IN ANY , EITHER A DAILY TRANSACTION OR DEPOSIT TRANSACTION TO THE SAFE DEPOSIT BOX , INVOLVED DRUG PROCEEDS. PERIOD. END OF STORY THAT IS WHAT JUDGE MEYER HEARD FROM OVER 60 WITNESSES. THE REFEREE HEARD HEAR SAY TESTIMONY THROUGH A DEA AGENT FROM AN INDICTED COCONSPIRATOR. THAT COMES THROUGH A DIFFERENT RESULT .

CHIEF JUSTICE: THANK YOU VERY MUCH.