

>> HILTON V. THE STATE.
COUNSEL FOR THE APPELLANT.
>> THANK YOU, MR. CHIEF JUSTICE.
IF IT PLEASE THE COURT, MEMBERS
OF THE COURT, MY NAME IS ALEX
MORRIS.
I REPRESENT GARY MICHAEL HILTON.
I BELIEVE THE COURT IS SOMEWHAT
FACTUALLY FAMILIAR, BUT BRIEFLY,
MR. HILTON WAS INDICTED FOR
MURDER IN 2008.
THE MATTER PROCEEDED TO TRIAL IN
FLORIDA OF 2011.
MR. HILTON WAS CONVICTED DURING
THE GUILT PHASE, AND AT THE
CONCLUSION OF THE PENALTY PHASE,
THE JURY UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDED
THAT THE COURT IMPOSE A SENTENCE
OF DEATH.
MR. HILTON TOOK DIRECT APPEAL TO
THIS COURT.
HIS CONVICTION WAS AFFIRMED.
HE FILED THE POST-CONVICTION
BEFORE THE TRIAL COURT.
WE PROCEEDED TO AN EVIDENTIARY
HEARING, AND THE TRIAL COURT
DENIED THE CLAIMS THAT
MR. HILTON PRESENTED, AND THIS
APPEAL FOLLOWS.
IT'S DIFFICULT FOR ME TO, I
GUESS IN A LOT OF CIRCUMSTANCES
IT'S EASIER TO ADDRESS CLAIMS BY
GOING SIMPLY THROUGH THE NUMBERS
IN TERMS OF AS THE CLAIMS ARE
PRESENTED.
HOWEVER, MANY OF THE CLAIMS IN
MR. HILTON'S CASE OVERLAP.
THEY'RE INTERTWINED WITH ONE
ANOTHER.
I WILL START WITH THE FIRST
CLAIM.
MR. HILTON'S POSITION, OUR
POSITION IS THAT THE TRIAL COURT
ERRED IN DENYING HIS CLAIM OF
INEFFECTIVE ASSISTANCE OF
COUNSEL.
MR. HILTON WAS DENIED EFFECTIVE
ASSISTANCE OF COUNSEL BASED ON
HIS COUNSEL'S PERFORMANCE OR
LACK THEREOF DURING THE PENALTY

PHASE.

MORE SPECIFICALLY IN A MORE GENERAL WAY OF EXPLAINING IT TO THE COURT IS THAT A LIFE STORY OF MR. HILTON WAS NEVER TOLD. THE MOST ANALOGOUS CASE THAT I CAN DRAW THIS COURT'S ATTENTION TO IS THE PARKER DECISION THAT THIS COURT RENDERED, I BELIEVE IT WAS IN 2009 IF I'M NOT MISTAKEN.

THERE THE DEFENSE PRESENTED, I BELIEVE IT WAS FOUR EXPERT WITNESSES, AS WELL AS ELEVEN LAY WITNESSES, IF I'M NOT MISTAKEN. BUT THOSE WITNESSES DID NOT SERVE OR SPEAK TO MR. HILTON'S CIRCUMSTANCES FROM A VERY YOUNG AGE ALL THE WAY TO THE POINT OF WHEN THESE CIRCUMSTANCES HAPPENED.

THERE WAS A GENERAL GLOSS OF THESE WERE THE CIRCUMSTANCES THAT HAPPENED, BUT THEY WEREN'T-- LAYERS OF THE ONION WERE NOT PEELED BACK, IF YOU WILL.

I CAN DRAW THE COURT'S ATTENTION TO THE FACT THAT THE JURY WAS NEVER INFORMED ABOUT THE FACT THAT MR. HILTON'S FATHER ACTUALLY HAD REMARKABLY SIMILAR CIRCUMSTANCES IN TERMS OF MENTAL HEALTH AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE ISSUES.

THE ARGUMENT THEN WOULD HAVE BEEN VERY CLEAR TO THE JURY TO DEMONSTRATE THAT MR. HILTON SUFFERED FROM DEFECTS THAT WERE NOT HIS RESPONSIBILITY, BUT WERE OF THE ORIGIN OF HIS FAMILY OR HIS GENES, IF YOU WILL, HIS MAKEUP.

AND GOING FROM THERE, AT A VERY YOUNG AGE MR. HILTON, HIS MOTHER WAS NURTURING INITIALLY BUT THEN REJECTED MR. HILTON AS SHE REMARRIED.

THE GENTLEMAN THAT SHE REMARRIED WAS A VERY DANGEROUS PERSON.

THIS ROSE TO A LEVEL THAT MR. HILTON ACTUALLY SHOT THE GENTLEMAN AT A VERY YOUNG AGE. MR. HILTON WAS PLACED IN WHAT FORMERLY USED TO BE REFERRED TO AS HRS, AND HE WAS PLACED IN HOUSING WITH VARIOUS DIFFERENT PEOPLE.

THERE ARE ALLEGATIONS OF HIM HAVING BEEN SEXUALLY ABUSED AT A YOUNG AGE.

THOSE ARE CORROBORATED BY OTHER INDIVIDUALS.

ROY CAVE WOULD HAVE BEEN THE WITNESS THAT WOULD HAVE BEEN ABLE TO TESTIFY TO THAT.

WE THEN GET TO MR. HILTON'S TEEN YEARS WHERE HE'S 17 YEARS OF AGE.

HE IS ENTERING INTO THE MILITARY.

HE HAS A RELATIVELY SHORT MILITARY CAREER BECAUSE HE BEGINS TO START MANIFESTING MAJOR MENTAL HEALTH ISSUES.

THERE ARE MULTIPLE DIFFERENT RELATIONSHIPS THAT MR. HILTON HAD AND WITH VARYING DEGREES OF SUCCESS OR FAILURE, BUT HE DID ESTABLISH RELATIONSHIPS BY WAY OF, EXAMPLE, WITH THE DAUGHTER OF ONE OF THOSE SPOUSES, HER GIRLFRIEND.

THAT WAS AN EXCELLENT RELATIONSHIP AND A POSITIVE RELATIONSHIP.

THERE WAS A LENGTHY DRUG HISTORY STARTING AT A VERY YOUNG AGE, MULTIPLE DIFFERENT SUBSTANCE ABUSE ISSUES RELATED TO DRUGS AS WELL AS ALCOHOL.

THEN WE GET TO THE POINT IN TIME CHRONOLOGICALLY PRIOR TO THE HOMICIDE, OR I'LL SAY HOMICIDES PLURAL, IN TERMS OF MR. HILTON'S INSTABILITY IN ATLANTA, GEORGIA, AND THE SURROUNDING AREAS AND HIM MANIFESTING ERRATIC BEHAVIOR.

AND WITNESSES WERE AVAILABLE AND

ABLE TO BE CALLED IN THAT REGARD.

MR. HILTON WAS WRONGFULLY AND INAPPROPRIATELY PRESCRIBED TWO DIFFERENT DRUGS, RITALIN AND-- [INAUDIBLE]

AND CONTEMPORANEOUS WITH THE WRONGFUL PRESCRIPTION OF THE MEDICATIONS IS WHEN HE SEE MR. HILTON HAVING A BREAKING POINT OR DETACHMENT FROM WHAT ONE MIGHT CONSIDER NORMAL BEHAVIORS.

>> [INAUDIBLE]

>> YES, SIR.

>> IF I COULD INTERRUPT YOU FOR JUST A SECOND.

GOING BACK TO THE AVAILABLE EVIDENCE OR AVAILABLE HISTORY OF MR. HILTON'S GROWING UP, APPARENTLY THE ARGUMENT HAS BEEN MADE HERE THAT THE DEFENSE IN THIS CASE, THEY WERE NOT WORKING WELL TOGETHER AND THERE WAS A LOT OF DISARRAY IN THE PRESENTATION.

AND APPARENTLY THE ATTORNEY WHO WAS IN CHARGE OF THE PENALTY PHASE WAS, TOOK THE DECISION THAT HE'S NOT VERY GOOD WITH LAY PEOPLE.

HE WAS BETTER WITH EXPERTS.

SO HIS STRATEGY HERE WAS BASICALLY JUST TO CALL EXPERTS AND NOT SO MANY LAY PEOPLE.

IN DOING SO, HOWEVER, THIS LADY BY THE NAME OF BETTY FUENTES WHO WAS A MITIGATION EXPERT, APPARENTLY SHE HAD PUT TOGETHER A WELL-DEVELOPED CASE FOR MR. HILTON'S EARLY YEARS AS FAR AS ABUSE.

I THINK HE SHOT HIS STEPFATHER. IT WAS JUST A HORRENDOUS EARLY CHILDHOOD.

SO I GUESS THE QUESTION I HAVE FOR YOU IS WE KNOW THE LAW THAT COUNSELS, ATTORNEYS ARE ENTITLED TO COME UP WITH THEIR OWN STRATEGY AS TO HOW TO PRESENT

TESTIMONY.

HOWEVER, THAT STRATEGY HAS TO BE REASONABLE STRATEGY.

AND DO YOU FEEL THAT THE STRATEGY TO PURSUE JUST EXPERTS IN THIS CASE MAKE IT INTENSIVE, EXPERT-INTENSIVE AS OPPOSED TO PRESENTING WITNESSES TO A PERSON'S BACKGROUND, WAS THAT A REASONABLE STRATEGY?

THAT'S MY QUESTION.

>> WELL, I CAN ANSWER THE COURT'S QUESTION IN TWO WAYS, JUSTICE.

FIRST AND FOREMOST, NO, I DO NOT THINK THAT IT WAS A REASONABLE STRATEGY.

BUT I THINK THAT THIS COURT'S CASE LAW AS WELL AS THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT'S CASE LAW IS CLEAR IN THAT IT'S NOT NECESSARILY MY ROLE TO CRITICIZE STRATEGIES, AND IT'S NOT NECESSARILY THE COURT'S ROLE.

BUT THE QUESTION BECOMES WHETHER THERE WAS A STRATEGY OR NOT.

AND IN THIS CIRCUMSTANCE, I DON'T THINK THAT THERE WAS. AND YOU HIT ON A VERY IMPORTANT ISSUE, THAT THERE WAS GREAT DISARRAY AND DYSFUNCTION AMONG TRIAL COUNSEL.

MS. FUENTES HAD DONE AN ENORMOUS AMOUNT OF WORK IN PREPARING MITIGATION WITNESSES, CULTIVATING EVIDENCE THAT COULD BE PRESENTED TO THE JURY SO A LIFE STORY COULD BE TOLD.

MR. FREEDMAN, BECAUSE OF THE DYSFUNCTION OF THE DEFENSE TEAM, MR. FREEDMAN-- WHO HAD NOT HANDLED A PENALTY PHASE PREVIOUSLY-- MADE THE DECISION, AND THE RECORD SUPPORTS THIS DECISION FROM OTHER WITNESSES THAT MR. FREEDMAN WASN'T VERY GOOD WITH LAY WITNESSES, AND SO HE DECIDED TO STREAMLINE EVERYTHING AND SIMPLY ATTEMPT TO PRESENT THINGS THROUGH THE

EXPERTS.

NO, I DO NOT THINK THAT THAT WAS A SOUND STRATEGY BECAUSE IT NEGLECTED TO TELL THE ACTUAL LIFE STORY OF MR. HILTON AND PUT SOME TANGENTIAL VALUE AND HUMANITY THAT WAS ASSOCIATED WITH THE FACTS THAT THE EXPERTS HAD THEORETICALLY CONSIDERED. AND IN THIS CIRCUMSTANCE, IT'S CLEAR THAT THE EXPERTS DIDN'T HAVE THE BENEFIT OF CONSIDERING ALL OF THAT INFORMATION OR THAT EVIDENCE.

>> WELL, THE PLAN WAS-- GOING BACK TO THE DISARRAY THAT WAS GOING ON, APPARENTLY THE ELECTED PUBLIC DEFENDER IN THIS CASE ASSIGNED, IT GOT SO BAD THAT SHE ASSIGNED THE CASE 90 DAYS BEFORE TRIAL AND ASSIGNED MR. FREEDMAN TO DO THE PENALTY PHASE. AND HE WAS NOT QUALIFIED.

I SAY QUALIFICATION IN THE SENSE THAT HE'D NEVER DONE ONE BEFORE AS HE IS REQUIRED TO HAVE DONE. AND ALSO ASSIGNED THE GUILT PHASE TO MS. SUBER.

AND THOSE TWO WERE APPARENTLY NOT WORKING-- ONE WAS WORKING ON GUILT, THE OTHER WAS WORKING ON PENALTY, AND THEY WERE NOT CONNECTING WITH EACH OTHER.

SO GOING FROM THAT AS A STARTER, THEY DO NOT PRESENT TO THE JURY THIS PERSON'S BACKGROUND WHICH WAS EXTENSIVE AS FAR AS ABUSE AND THAT TYPE OF THING.

I'M JUST WONDERING, YOU KNOW, WHETHER OR NOT THERE COULD BE ANY POSSIBLE REASONABLE STRATEGY FOR NOT PURSUING LAY WITNESSES TO COME AND TESTIFY ABOUT HIS VIEWS AND ALL THOSE THINGS IN EARLY CHILDHOOD IN EXCHANGE FOR EXPERT TESTIMONY.

>> I THINK, DISCONCERTINGLY, THERE WASN'T A STRATEGY. AS THE EVIDENCE FROM THE EVIDENTIARY HEARING DEMONSTRATES

TO THE COURT, THESE PEOPLE
COULDN'T EVEN TALK WITH EACH
OTHER.

THE DEFENSE TEAM WAS SO
DYSFUNCTIONAL.

THE GUILT PHASE LAWYER,
MS. SUBER, WAS NOT COMMUNICATING
WITH THE PENALTY PHASE LAWYER,
MR. FREEDMAN.

NEITHER ONE OF THEM HAD ANY IDEA
WHAT THE OTHER WAS GOING TO
PRESENT.

THERE WAS NO COMMONALITY OF
THEME.

MR. FREEDMAN CAME INTO IT AT THE
11TH HOUR.

IT'S ONE THING TO TRY A GRAND
THEFT MOTOR VEHICLE CASE AND
RECEIVE IT 90 DAYS PRIOR TO
TRIAL.

IT'S AN ALTOGETHER DIFFERENT
THING TO RECEIVE A DEATH PENALTY
CASE OF THIS COMPLEXITY, THIS
MAGNITUDE 90 DAYS PRIOR TO TRIAL
AND BE ABLE TO BE ADEQUATELY
PREPARED FOR THE PENALTY PHASE
AND THE PRESENTATION OF
WITNESSES.

AND THE EVIDENCE THAT WAS
PRESENTED AT THE EVIDENTIARY
HEARING WAS THAT COUNSEL IN THE
PENALTY PHASE ACTUALLY DISCARDED
OR IRRITATED WITNESSES OR
ENFLAMED THE SENSES OF WITNESSES
AND SIMPLY UNILATERALLY MADE
DETERMINATIONS OF NOT CALLING
WITNESSES.

AND BY WAY OF EXAMPLE, IF WE
LOOK AT DR. DELCHER WHO WAS
PRESENTED DURING THE EVIDENTIARY
HEARING, HE IS THE GENTLEMAN WHO
WRONGFULLY PRESCRIBED MR. HILTON
EFEXIR AS WELL AS RITALIN.
HE WAS SUSPENDED FROM THE
PRACTICE OF MEDICINE IN GEORGIA.
THE JURY LEARNED BRIEF TIDBITS
OF THAT INFORMATION.

BUT IN SOME WAY, SHAPE OR FORM,
PENALTY PHASE COUNSEL DECIDED
NOT TO CALL DR. DELCHER BECAUSE

THEY NOW CHARACTERIZE IT AS BEING STRATEGIC, THAT HE COULD POTENTIALLY SAW SOMETHING BAD OR POOR AGAINST MR. HILTON. BUT IF THE COURT TAKES A LOOK AT THE TESTIMONY OF DR. DELCHER, DR. DELCHER'S TESTIMONY WAS ACTUALLY VERY INFORMATIVE IN TERMS OF DESCRIBING NOT ONLY HIS ROLE AND OBSERVATIONS IN MR. HILTON'S DEMISE AND HOW RAPIDLY THAT OCCURRED, BUT IT PROVIDED SUBSTANTIVE AND TANGENTIAL INFORMATION FOR THE JURY'S CONSIDERATION OF A MEDICAL DOCTOR POTENTIALLY BEING COMPLICIT IN MR. HILTON'S DEMISE.

SO I'VE GOT TO AGREE WITH YOU, JUSTICE LABARGA, IN THE SENSE THAT THERE WAS ABSOLUTE CHAOS AMONG THE DEFENSE TEAM.

>> COUNSEL, LET ME ASK YOU THIS, WHAT OTHER WITNESSES WERE PRESENTED AT THE EVIDENTIARY HEARING THAT ARE RELEVANT TO THIS ISSUE YOU'RE RAISING ABOUT THE FAILURE TO EXPLAIN THE LIFE STORY OF MR. HILTON?

>> WELL, FIRST, DR. ROY CAMP, WHO WAS THE-- HE'S A MILITARY PSYCHIATRIST-- PRESENTED EVIDENCE IN TERMS OF THE CHRONOLOGY AND EXPLANATION OF HOW MR. HILTON WAS SEPARATED FROM THE MILITARY.

SECONDARILY, DR. DELCHER WAS AVAILABLE.

AND THEN THROUGH STIPULATION OF THE PARTY'S EVIDENCE WAS ENTERED IN TERMS OF DECLARATIONS AND STATEMENTS THAT PROVIDED THE CHRONOLOGY.

MS. FUENTES TESTIFIED AT THE EVIDENTIARY HEARING WITH RESPECT TO THE SOME 300 INDIVIDUALS THAT WERE INTERVIEWED.

AND I DON'T SUGGEST TO THE COURT, CHIEF JUSTICE, THAT THERE SHOULD BE AN EXPECTATION THAT

ALL 300 WITNESSES WERE GOING TO BE CALLED.

>> WELL, LET'S GET BACK TO THIS, WHICH OF THE LAY WITNESSES DO YOU BELIEVE THAT COUNSEL WAS DERELICT IN NOT PRESENTING THEIR TESTIMONY AT TRIAL WERE PRESENTED AT THE EVIDENTIARY HEARING?

>> LET ME GIVE YOU A COUPLE OF EXAMPLES.

THE FIRST EXAMPLE THAT I CAN PROVIDE FOR THE COURT IS ROY CAVE ACTUALLY TESTIFIED AND TOOK THE WITNESS STAND IN THE PENALTY PHASE IN MR. HILTON'S.

>> THAT'S NOT MY QUESTION.

>> OKAY.

>> I UNDERSTAND YOU MAY WANT TO-- IF I UNDERSTOOD PART OF YOUR, AT LEAST A SIGNIFICANT PART OF YOUR ARGUMENT IS THAT THE COUNSEL FAILED TO PUT ON LAY WITNESSES THAT SHOULD HAVE BEEN PUT ON IF THEY'D BEEN DOING THE JOB THAT THEY SHOULD DO TO EXPLAIN MR. HILTON'S LIFE STORY. NOW, I'M ASKING YOU WHICH OF THOSE WITNESSES WERE PRESENTED AT THE EVIDENTIARY HEARING.

>> BEYOND DR. DELCHER AND DR. CAMP, THE ANSWER TO THE COURT IN TERMS OF LAY WITNESS TESTIMONY IS THERE IS NOT TESTIMONY FROM THEM.

HOWEVER, THERE ARE DECLARATIONS IN EVIDENCE FROM THEM.

>> THANK YOU.

>> YES, SIR.

FROM THERE--

>> COUNSEL, I'M SORRY.

WE HAVE HELPED YOU MOVE INTO YOUR REBUTTAL TIME.

YOU JUST NEED TO BE AWARE THAT YOU NOW HAVE ONLY A LITTLE OVER THREE AND A HALF MINUTES OF YOUR REBUTTAL TIME LEFT.

>> FAIR ENOUGH.

I'LL WRAP UP WITH THIS.

THE DEFECTS IN THE DEFENSE,

THEIR LACK OF PREPARATION, THE DISCORD, DISHARMONY, LEFT MR. HILTON IN A CIRCUMSTANCE WHERE HE DID NOT RECEIVE ACCURATE REPRESENTATION AND EFFECTIVE REPRESENTATION IN THE PENALTY PHASE.

AND AS A RESULT, IT IS OUR POSITION THAT THE COURT, THAT THE TRIAL COURT ERRED IN DENYING HIS CLAIMS, AND THIS COURT SHOULD REVERSE FOR A NEW PENALTY PHASE.

AND THEN I'LL RESERVE THE REMAINDER OF THE TIME, YOUR HONOR.

>>COUNSEL FOR THE STATE.

>> MORNING.

MAY IT PLEASE THE COURT, MICHAEL KENNETT FOR THE STATE OF FLORIDA.

THIS IS THE APPEAL OF THE DENIAL OF THE INITIAL MOTION FOR POST-CONVICTION RELIEF IN MR. HILTON'S CASE.

I'LL START BY SAYING THE EVIDENCE OF GUILT IN THIS CASE WAS OVERWHELMING, AND THE EVIDENCE OF AGGRAVATION IN THIS CASE WAS OVERWHELMING.

WHAT DOES THAT MEAN?

THAT MEANS IT'S ALMOST IMPOSSIBLE FOR THE APPELLANT OR PETITIONER, DEPENDING UPON WHETHER IT'S THE ALLEGATION OF INEFFECTIVENESS OF TRIAL COUNSEL OR APPELLATE COUNSEL, WOULD HAVE A VERY HARD TIME ESTABLISHING PREJUDICE UNDER STRICKLAND.

THAT ALSO MEANS THAT WHEN YOU EVALUATE PERFORMANCE OF APPELLATE COUNSEL, IT'D BE VERY HARD TO SHOW THAT AN UNPRESERVED CLAIM WAS FUNDAMENTAL.

IT ALSO MAKES IT HARD TO SHOW THAT IT WAS HARMLESS, OVERWHELMING EVIDENCE OF GUILT, AND THAT MAKES A BIG DIFFERENCE IN THE POST-CONVICTION CLAIM HERE.

TO TOUCH ON WHAT CHIEF JUSTICE CANADY MENTIONED AND WHAT THE TRIAL COURT EXPLICITLY SAID, NONE OF IT WOULD HAVE MADE A DIFFERENCE IN TRIAL.

THAT'S A CORRECT RULING.

THE APPELLANT SUFFICIENTLY CHALLENGED THAT RULING ON APPEAL.

WITH REGARD TO THE CLAIM FOR THE PENALTY PHASE, THE APPELLANT ARGUES THAT THE LEAD COUNSEL FOR THE PENALTY PHASE, MR. FREEDMAN, DIDN'T DO ENOUGH TO TELL THE LIFE STORY OF MR. HILTON.

THE TRIAL COURT FOUND OTHERWISE.

THE TRIAL COURT FOUND THAT THE-- WHATEVER ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE WAS PRESENTED AT THE EVIDENTIARY HEARING WAS CUMULATIVE LARGELY TO WHAT WAS SHOWN AT TRIAL, AND MR. FREEDMAN TESTIFIED THAT HE WAS WELL AWARE OF THE FACT THAT THE STATE WOULD TRY TO PORTRAY MR. HILTON AS A PSYCHOPATH.

AND SO HE HAD A STRATEGY OF TRYING TO MINIMIZE THE OPPORTUNITIES OR MINIMIZE THE RISKS FOR THE STATE TO BE ABLE TO DO THAT.

AND THAT IS WHY HE CHOSE TO USE EXPERT WITNESSES, BECAUSE HE DIDN'T WANT TO OPEN THE DOOR TO OTHER BEHAVIORS DURING MR. HILTON'S LIFE THAT COULD SUPPORT AN ANTI-SOCIAL PERSONALITY DISORDER.

EVEN HIS SERVICE IN THE MILITARY COULD BE CONTESTED LIKE THAT.

IF YOU LOOK AT IT, HE WANTS TO ARGUE A MENTAL DEFECT, BUT IT COULD ALSO BE CONSISTENT WITH ANTI-SOCIAL PERSONALITY DISORDER.

DEFENSE WANTS TO--

[INAUDIBLE]

AND THE STATE SAYS, NO, THIS GUY IS JUST A PSYCHOPATH.

AND SO SOMEONE IN THE MILITARY,

MAYBE IT WAS EXCITING AT FIRST,
AND THEN IT'S NOT EXCITING
ANYMORE.

AND WHAT DR. CAMP TESTIFIED TO
IS THAT MR. HILTON TOOK THE EASY
WAY OUT.

OKAY, I'VE GOT A PERSONALITY
DISORDER, I WANT TO LEAVE NOW.
IT'S NOT FUN ANYMORE.

THE DRUG USE COULD HAVE BEEN
CONSISTENT WITH ANTI-PERSONALITY
DISORDER.

[INAUDIBLE]

HIS WHOLE LIFE.

SO, AGAIN, NOTHING WAS TESTIFIED
TO AT THE EVIDENTIARY HEARING
WHERE IT MADE A DIFFERENCE.

AND AS FAR AS DR. DELCHER GOES,
MRS. FUENTES AND MR. FREEDMAN
BOTH UNDERSTOOD BEFORE TRIAL
THAT DR. DELCHER THOUGHT
MR. HILTON WAS DANGEROUS.

SO, YES, THERE COULD HAVE BEEN
SOME POSITIVES THAT CAME OUT FOR
THE DEFENSE BY CALLING
DR. DELCHER, BUT AT THE SAME
TIME TO HAVE A DEFENSE WITNESS
SAY RIGHT BEFORE THESE MURDERS
TOOK PLACE I WAS AFRAID OF THIS
GUY AND EVEN AT THE EVIDENTIARY
HEARING FOR POST-CONVICTION
DR. DELCHER SAID HE WOULDN'T
TRUST ANYTHING APPELLANT SAID
NOW.

>> MR. KENNETT, CAN I-- CAN WE
HEAR FROM YOU YOUR ASSESSMENT OF
THE STATE'S COMPLIANCE WITH THE
APPLICABLE RULES OF PROCEDURE
WITH RESPECT TO PROVIDING A LIST
OF DESIGNATED WITNESSES,
DOCUMENT FOR THE GEORGIA CASE
AND WHETHER THE TIMELINESS OR
UNTIMELINESS OF ITS COMPLIANCE
WITH THOSE RESULTED IN A
SUBSTANTIAL DISADVANTAGE TO THE
DEFENSE IN THIS CASE?

>> MY FIRST RESPONSE IS TO SAY
THAT WOULD BE MORE OF A DIRECT
APPEAL ISSUE NOT A
POST-CONVICTION ISSUE.

BUT I UNDERSTAND YOUR GOOD QUESTION.

AND AS IT RELATES TO THE IAC CLAIM, PERHAPS, OR THE GUILT PHASE.

AND THE TRIAL COURT IN THIS CASE SAID IN THE POST-CONVICTION ORDER THAT IT WOULDN'T HAVE MADE A DIFFERENCE, THAT MS. SUBER ACTED PROFESSIONALLY.

SHE OBJECTED WHEN THE STATE CALLED A WITNESS.

THE TRIAL COURT GAVE DEFENSE COUNSEL AN OPPORTUNITY TO--

[INAUDIBLE]

BUT EVEN IF SHE HAD BEEN AWARE OF THE TESTIMONY BEFOREHAND, SHE COULDN'T HAVE DONE ANYTHING TO CHANGE IT.

IT WAS AN ADMISSION BY A PARTY--

[INAUDIBLE]

ADMISSION BY MR. HILTON WHEN HE WAS IN JAIL AWAITING TRIAL THAT WAS TO A FELLOW INMATE BUT OVERHEARD BY A CORRECTIONAL OFFICER.

SO ADDITIONAL TIME WOULDN'T HAVE CHANGED ANYTHING, AND THE EVIDENCE OF GUILT WAS OVERWHELMING IN THE CASE.

THE APPELLANT TRIES TO ARGUE THAT THAT SOMEHOW, THAT CHANGED THE THEME FOR THE DEFENSE DURING THE GUILT PHASE, AND THAT'S JUST NOT TRUE.

FIRST OFF, THE DEFENSE'S HANDS WERE TIED BECAUSE MR. HILTON SAID UNEQUIVOCALLY IF THEY'RE NOT GOING TO GIVE ME A LIFE SENTENCE, I WANT TO FIGHT EVERYTHING.

I WANT TO MAKE THEM PAY FOR EVERYTHING.

AND SO THAT'S WHAT DEFENSE COUNSEL DID.

IT WASN'T AN INNOCENCE DEFENSE, AND IT WASN'T A CIRCUMSTANTIAL DEFENSE, IT WAS A REASONABLE DOUBT DEFENSE OR AN ADVERSARIAL

TESTING OF THE STATE'S CASE.
AND IF YOU LOOK AT THE OPENING
STATEMENT OF MS. SUBER AT TRIAL,
SHE SAID THERE IS DIRECT
EVIDENCE IN THIS CASE, AND SHE
SAID THERE'S ALSO CIRCUMSTANTIAL
EVIDENCE IN THIS CASE.
AND THIS BEING DURING HER
OPENING STATEMENT WAS, PAY
ATTENTION.
PAY ATTENTION.
IT WAS A REASONABLE DOUBT THEME.
SO IT ISN'T LIKE IF THE STATE
HAD DISCLOSED THE WITNESS PRIOR
THAT THE DEFENSE STRATEGY WOULD
HAVE BEEN DIFFERENT.
AND THE APPELLANT FAILS TO SHOW
OR ARTICULATE WHAT A BETTER
STRATEGY WOULD HAVE BEEN
PARTICULARLY WHEN THE DEFENDANT
HIMSELF WANTED TO FIGHT
EVERYTHING.
SO, YES, THAT IS AN IMPORTANT
ISSUE IN THE CASE.
BUT, AGAIN, IT DIDN'T MATTER.
NONE OF THE EVIDENCE PRESENTED
AT THE EVIDENTIARY HEARING WOULD
HAVE MADE A DIFFERENCE AT TRIAL.
>> LET ME, LET ME, LET ME ASK
YOU A QUESTION ON THAT BECAUSE
I'VE HEARD YOU ARGUE THAT A
NUMBER OF TIMES.
AND YOU DO HAVE SOME WEIGHTY
AGGRAVATORS.
YOU'VE GOT HAC, YOU'VE GOT CCP,
YOU'VE GOT A PRIOR VIOLENT
FELONY, YOU'VE GOT IN THE COURSE
OF A KIDNAPPING, AND YOU'VE GOT
TO AVOID ARREST.
THOSE ARE WEIGHTY AGGRAVATORS.
BUT, YOU KNOW, BEFORE WE HAD THE
UNANIMITY REQUIREMENT DEFINITELY
IN JURIES.
I USED TO SEE CASES JUST AS
STRONG COMING BACK WITH 8-4 JURY
RECOMMENDATIONS, 10-2 WITH THE
SAME AGGRAVATORS.
AND THE CASE HAD BEEN JUST AS
HEINOUS AND AS ATROCIOUS AS THIS
ONE AS TO WHAT HAPPENED TO THE

POOR VICTIM.
BUT YOU SAW, I SAW-- YOU'VE
SEEN THOSE.
YOU ASK YOURSELF HOW CAN A JURY
COME BACK WITH ANYTHING LESS
THAN A 12-0.
YET YOU SEE 8-4, 10-2 AND LESS
THAN THAT.
THERE'S NO SUCH THING AS A
LOCKED CASE.
SO, YOU KNOW, ANYTHING INVOLVING
CAUSED A PERSON TO BEHAVE IN A
CERTAIN WAY BECAUSE OF WHAT
HAPPENED TO THEM EARLY OR
ANYTHING LIKE THAT, THAT HAS AN
IMPACT ON JURORS' VOTES ON THE
DEATH PENALTY.
AS FAR AS GUILT IS CONCERNED,
THAT'S A DIFFERENT MATTER.
DON'T YOU AGREE?
>> YES AND NO.
IT'S ALWAYS A DOUBLE-EDGED
SWORD.
AND THAT'S WHY I SAID EARLIER
THAT THERE'S ALWAYS THIS DEBATE
DURING THE PENALTY PHASE.
IS IT THAT THE DEFENDANT HAS A
SEVERE DEFECT, OR IS HE JUST A
PSYCHOPATH?
THE DEFENSE WANTED TO SHOW THAT
HE HAD SCHIZO-OFFENSIVE
DISORDER.
BUT THE STATE SAID, NO, NO, HE'S
A PSYCHOPATH.
LET'S LOOK AT THE AGGRAVATION.
CCP.
HE HUNTED PEOPLE.
HE TARGETED PEOPLE BASED UPON
THEIR LOCATIONS.
HE CHOSE NATIONAL FORESTS,
HIKING TRAILS.
AND THOSE ARE THE FACTS OF THIS
CASE.
AND THE FACTS OF THE GEORGIA
CASE, THEY'RE STRIKINGLY
SIMILAR.
HE TARGETED WOMEN WHO WERE BY
THEMSELVES ON HIKING TRAILS.
THAT'S CCP.
LET'S TALK ABOUT HAC.

HE KEPT THEM ALIVE FOR DAYS.
BOTH IN THE FLORIDA CASE, THIS
CASE, AND IN THE GEORGIA CASE,
HE KEPT HIS VICTIM ALIVE FOR AT
LEAST FOUR DAYS.

AND IN THIS CASE THE VICTIM WAS
WELL AWARE OF THE FACT THAT HER
LIFE WAS IN DANGER.

SHE KEPT TRYING OVER AND OVER
AGAIN TO GET MR. HILTON TO
CONVERT TO CHRISTIANITY.
THAT WAS HER ONE ATTEMPT, HER
BEST ATTEMPT, AT SAVING HER OWN
LIFE.

AND SHE WAS KEPT ALIVE FOR AT
LEAST FOUR DAYS IN THE WOODS.
HE KEPT HER ALIVE SO HE COULD
USE HER ATM CARD TO PULL AS MUCH
MONEY OUT OF HER ACCOUNT AS
POSSIBLE.

WE HAVE A PURE VIOLENT FELONY
CONVICTION.

WITHIN 30 DAYS HE DID THE EXACT
SAME THING.

ONCE IN FLORIDA, ONCE IN
GEORGIA.

HE CUT THEIR HEADS OFF AND HAD
SEX WITH THEIR BODIES.

HE KIDNAPPED THEM.

I UNDERSTAND YOUR COMMENT--
[INAUDIBLE]

BUT, AGAIN, I GO BACK TO WHAT
THE TRIAL COURT SAID, NOTHING
THAT WAS PRESENTED AT THE
EVIDENTIARY HEARING WOULD HAVE
MADE A DIFFERENCE IN THIS CASE.
BECAUSE, AGAIN, HE HUNTED PEOPLE
FOR FUN, AND HE KILLED THEM.

I, IT'S PERFECTLY REASONABLE FOR
A JURY TO SAY 12-0.

IT'S NOT A SURPRISE.

I UNDERSTAND YOUR QUESTION IN
OTHER CASES, BUT WE NEVER KNOW
THE MAKEUP OF JURIES, WE NEVER
KNOW THE MOTIVATIONS.

SO WE HAVE TO LOOK AT THE
EVIDENCE FROM A RATIONAL
PERSPECTIVE.

AND IN EXAMINING THE PREJUDICE
IN STRICKLAND, AND IF YOU DO

THAT IN THIS CASE, CLEARLY
NOTHING PRESENTED AT THE
EVIDENTIARY HEARING--

[INAUDIBLE]

ABSENT ANY QUESTIONS, THE STATE
WOULD ASK THIS COURT AFFIRM THE
DENIAL OF APPELLANT'S
POST-CONVICTION NOTICE AS WELL
AS DENY THE--

[INAUDIBLE]

>> THANK YOU, COUNSEL.
REBUTTAL.

>> THANK YOU, MR. CHIEF JUSTICE.
JUST BACK TO JUSTICE COURIEL'S
QUESTION, IN TERMS OF THE LATE
DISCLOSURE ISSUE, I DON'T THINK
THE TIMELINESS OF THE DISCLOSURE
ACTUALLY IS THE MAIN ISSUE.

I THINK THAT THE MAIN ISSUE IS
THAT DEFENSE COUNSEL, CONTRARY
TO WHAT THE STATE ARGUES IN
TERMS OF THERE BEING DIRECT
EVIDENCE AND CIRCUMSTANTIAL,
DURING THE GUILT PHASE THE TRIAL
LAWYER PRESENTED MATTERS AS IF
IT WAS A CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE
CASE UNAWARE OF THE FACT THAT
MR. HILTON HAD MADE A STATEMENT
AGAINST BEST INTERESTS THAT WAS
OVERHEARD BY A GUARD AT THE LEON
COUNTY JAIL.

THAT CAME ALMOST AT THE TAIL END
OF THE GUILT PHASE.

SO ALL THE WHILE THERE'S
ARGUMENT OF IT JUST BEING A
CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE CASE AND
NOT A DIRECT EVIDENCE CASE UNTIL
THE BOMBSHELL DROPS.

WELL, THE POINT REALLY BEHIND
THAT IS THE DYSFUNCTION OF THE
PREPARATION.

THE RECORD FROM THE EVIDENTIARY
HEARING IS REplete WITH WHAT THE
DISORGANIZATION OF THE ACTUAL
DOCUMENTS WAS, WHO WAS IN CHARGE
OF PARTICULAR WITNESSES.

AND SO TO MISS OR NOT BE AWARE
OF THE FACT THAT A WITNESS IS
GOING TO TESTIFY THAT MR. HILTON
MADE STATEMENTS AGAINST

INTERESTS IS A DIFFICULT ONE TO OVERCOME, NO DOUBT.

ALSO TO JUSTICE LABARGA'S QUESTION ON THE 8-4, 10-2, I THINK IT'S A LITTLE DISINGENUOUS FOR THE STATE TO ARGUE, OH, IT'S A 12-0 VOTE AND NOTHING WOULD HAVE HELPED.

WELL, THAT'S NOT TRUE BECAUSE THAT INFORMATION WAS NOT PRESENTED TO THE JURY FOR THEIR CONSIDERATION, AND HAD IT BEEN PRESENTED FOR THE JURY'S CONSIDERATION, WE MAY WELL HAVE AN ALTOGETHER DIFFERENT RECOMMENDATION FROM THE JURY. AND SO IN THE ABSENCE OF THAT INFORMATION BEING PRESENTED, THAT IS ABSOLUTELY WHY THERE'S A 12-0 RECOMMENDATION.

WITH ALL OF THOSE THINGS SAID, I WOULD AGAIN REQUEST THAT MR. HILTON'S CASE BE REVERSED AND REMANDED FOR A NEW PENALTY PHASE.

I WOULD STAND ON THE ARGUMENTS AS PRESENTED IN THE PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS AS THEY'RE PRESENTED IN THAT, IN THAT BRIEF.

I APPRECIATE EVERY, EACH OF YOUR TIME.

>> WELL, THANK YOU, COUNSEL. WE THANK BOTH OF YOU FOR YOUR ARGUMENTS IN THIS CASE TODAY. THAT'S THE LAST CASE ON TODAY'S DOCKET.

SO THE COURT WILL NOW STAND IN RECESS UNTIL TOMORROW'S SESSION OF COURT.